

Systems Engineering Core Concepts

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Concepts are the fundamental building blocks for the construction of theories, principles, thoughts and beliefs. They play an important role in all aspects of cognition and communication.



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Purpose and Uses of the Systems Engineering Concept Model

The Systems Engineering Concept Model (SECM) captures the concepts that are referred to in the Systems Engineering Body of Knowledge. The SECM provides a means to evaluate the consistency and coverage across the broad set of Systems Engineering concepts, and can facilitate communication to better understand and evolve these concepts. Although the primary reference for the SECM was the SEBoK, the concepts were cross-checked against other industry references including ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288:2015 and the INCOSE Systems Engineering Handbook version 5, enabling the SECM to

be used to evaluate, understand, and evolve the concepts in these references as well. A small team developed the SECM to support the requirements for the next generation of the OMG Systems Modeling Language (OMG SysML™) to ensure SysML is consistent with the three leading industry standards.

SECM Approach

A concept model, called the Concept Map, was developed by the original SEBoK team prior to release of the SEBoK v1.0 in 2012 and was used to support integration of the initial concepts across the SEBoK topic areas. The Concept Map included a concept model and a mapping of the concepts to the glossary terms and to the sections of the SEBoK.

The SECM captures the Systems Engineering concepts and their relationship that are contained in today's SEBoK. The small subset of UML constructs and symbols, shown in Figure 1, are used to represent the SECM model. The choice of notations is intended to balance simplicity, understandability, and precision.

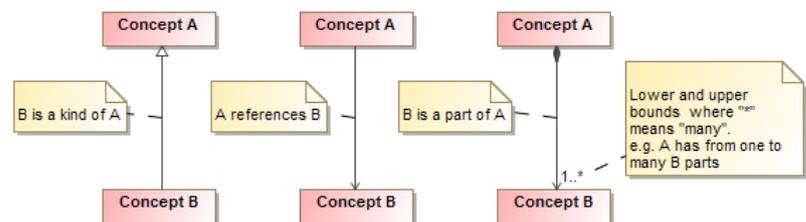


Figure 1. Concept Relationships used in the SECM. (SEBoK Original)

Figure 2 below shows a usage of these constructs and symbols when applied to a simple example of a Car. This diagram shows that a Car is kind of a Vehicle, and that the Driver drives the car (a reference relationship), and that there are four wheels that are parts of the Car.

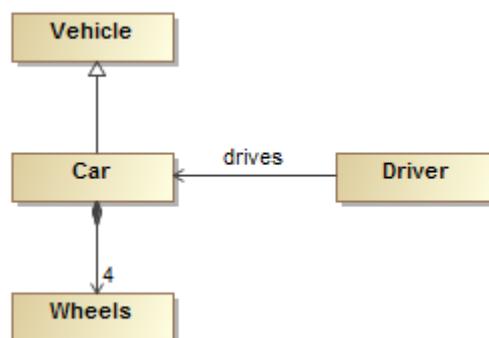


Figure 2. Example of Relationships between Concepts (SEBoK Original)

The SECM is presented in a series of diagrams that generally represent concepts for particular knowledge areas and topics in the SEBoK, and also includes references to glossary terms in the SEBoK.

The approach used to capture the SECM content from the SEBoK is described in the following steps:

1. A topic within a SEBoK knowledge area is selected and the text is evaluated to identify key Systems Engineering concepts.
2. From the sentences containing the concepts, the subjects, i.e. the concepts, and the predicate, i.e. the relationship between concepts, are identified. The predicate is a statement that says something about the subject.
3. A search is conducted for this concept in other areas of the SEBoK, and the accompanying text is evaluated to further refine the concept and its relationships to other concepts.
4. The definition of the concept in the SEBoK glossary, if available, is evaluated.
5. The use and definition of this concept in the other two industry references is evaluated.
6. The concept and a derived definition from the above evaluation are added to the SECM.
7. The discovered relationships between the concepts are added to the model and to the relevant diagrams. The diagrams group related concepts that are often associated with a SEBoK Knowledge Area or Topic.
8. As new contributions are made to the SEBoK, this approach can be used to identify new concepts and relationships, and add them to the SECM.

Introduction to Core Concepts

The SECM was developed independently of the BKCASE project to support the evolution of the SysML standard. These models can be used to identify inconsistencies and/or areas requiring additional coverage within the SEBoK to support future updates.

The Core Concept Diagram shown in Figure 3 provides a high-level view of some of the key concepts presented in the SEBoK. It should be emphasized that this figure is intended to be a representative interpretation of the current SEBoK without modifying

complex systems and helps define and update the *Principles* that are applied by the *System Approach*, which is used by the discipline of Systems Engineering.

References

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Additional References

None

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