Introduction to Life Cycle Processes

From SEBoK
Introduction to Life Cycle Processes

Lead Authors: Rick Adcock, Sanford Friedenthal

In this Knowledge Area, we introduce the following key principles: life cycle, life cycle model and life cycle processes. A generic SE paradigm is described; this forms a starting point for discussions of more detailed life cycle knowledge.

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Topics

Each part of the SEBoK is divided into knowledge areas (KAs), which are groupings of information with a related theme. The KAs, in turn, are divided into topics. This KA contains the following topics:

- Generic Life Cycle Model
- Applying Life Cycle Processes
- Life Cycle Processes and Enterprise Need

See the article Matrix of Implementation Examples for a mapping of case studies and vignettes included in Part 7 to topics covered in Part 3.

Life Cycle Terminology

The term life cycle is one that engineering has borrowed from the natural sciences; it is used to describe both the changes a single organism goes through over its life and how the lives of multiple organisms interact to sustain or evolve a population. We use it in engineering in the same ways to describe the complete life of an instance of a system-of-interest (SoI); and the managed combination of multiple such instances to provide capabilities which deliver stakeholder satisfaction.

A life cycle model identifies the major stages that a specific SoI goes through, from its inception to its retirement. Life cycle models are generally implemented in development projects and are
strongly aligned with management planning and decision making.

**Generic Systems Engineering Paradigm**

Figure 1 identifies the overall goals of any SE effort, which are: the understanding of stakeholder value; the selection of a specific need to be addressed; the transformation of that need into a system (the product or service that provides for the need); and the use of that product or service to provide the stakeholder value. This paradigm has been developed according to the principles of the systems approach discussed in Part 2 and is used to establish a basis for the KAs in Part 3 and Part 4 of the SEBoK.

On the left side of Figure 1, there are SoI’s identified in the formation of a system breakdown structure. SoI 1 is broken down into its basic elements, which in this case are systems as well (SoI 2 and SoI 3). These two systems are composed of system elements that are not refined any further.

On the right side of Figure 1, each SoI has a corresponding life cycle model which is composed of stages that are populated with processes. The function of these processes is to define the work that is to be performed and the associated artifacts to be produced. In a model-based approach, these artifacts are captured in the system model that represents the SoIs. Note that some of the requirements defined to meet the need are distributed in the early stages of the life cycle for SoI 1, while others are designated to the life cycles of SoI 2 or SoI 3. The decomposition of the system illustrates the fundamental concept of recursion as defined in the ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288 standard; with the standard being reapplied for each SoI (ISO 2015). It is important to point out that the requirements may be allocated to different system elements, which may be integrated in different life cycle stages of any of the three SoI’s; however, together they form a cohesive system. For example, SoI 1 may be a simple vehicle composed of a chassis, motor and controls, SoI 2 an embedded hardware system, and SoI 3 a software intensive interface and control system.

This paradigm provides a fundamental framework for understanding generic SE (seen in Part 3), as well as for the application of SE to the various types of systems described in Part 4.
References

Works Cited


Primary References


Additional References

None.

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